

# Captains' fight

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If the expansion of universe would take place in the solar system, how many years would be necessary for the Earth-Sun distance to be multiplied by a factor two? The value of the Hubble constant is

$$H \simeq 70 \text{ km/s/Mps.}$$

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Denoting  $d_{T-S}$  the Earth-Sun distance, a parsec gives

$$ps = d_{T-S} \times \frac{360 \cdot 60 \cdot 60}{2\pi}.$$

The relative speed of the two objects is then

$$v_{\text{separation}} \simeq H \cdot d_{T-S} \simeq 70 \cdot \frac{2\pi}{10^6 \cdot 360 \cdot 60 \cdot 60} \text{ km/s}.$$

For the distance to grow of  $d_{T-S} = 150 \cdot 10^6 \text{ km}$ , it gives

$$T_{\text{separation}} \simeq d_{T-S}/v \simeq \frac{150 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \cancel{360} \cdot \cancel{60} \cdot \cancel{60}}{70 \cdot 2\pi \cdot \underbrace{\cancel{365} \cdot 24 \cdot \cancel{60} \cdot \cancel{60}}_{1 \text{ year}}} \text{ years},$$

giving finally

$$T_{\text{separation}} \simeq 10^{10} \text{ years}.$$



You want more?



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Really?

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*Quick : 1min*

**Question** : How many orders of magnitude are there between the highest and lowest artificially obtained temperatures ?

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Really ?

*Quick : 1min*

**Question** : How many orders of magnitude are there between the highest and lowest artificially obtained temperatures ? **Answer**

- ▶ Hottest temperature : quark and gluon plasma at LHC :  
 $5 \times 10^{12}$  K
- ▶ Lowest temperature : adiabatic demagnetization :  $5 \times 10^{-10}$  K
- ▶ Thus : 22 orders of magnitude.